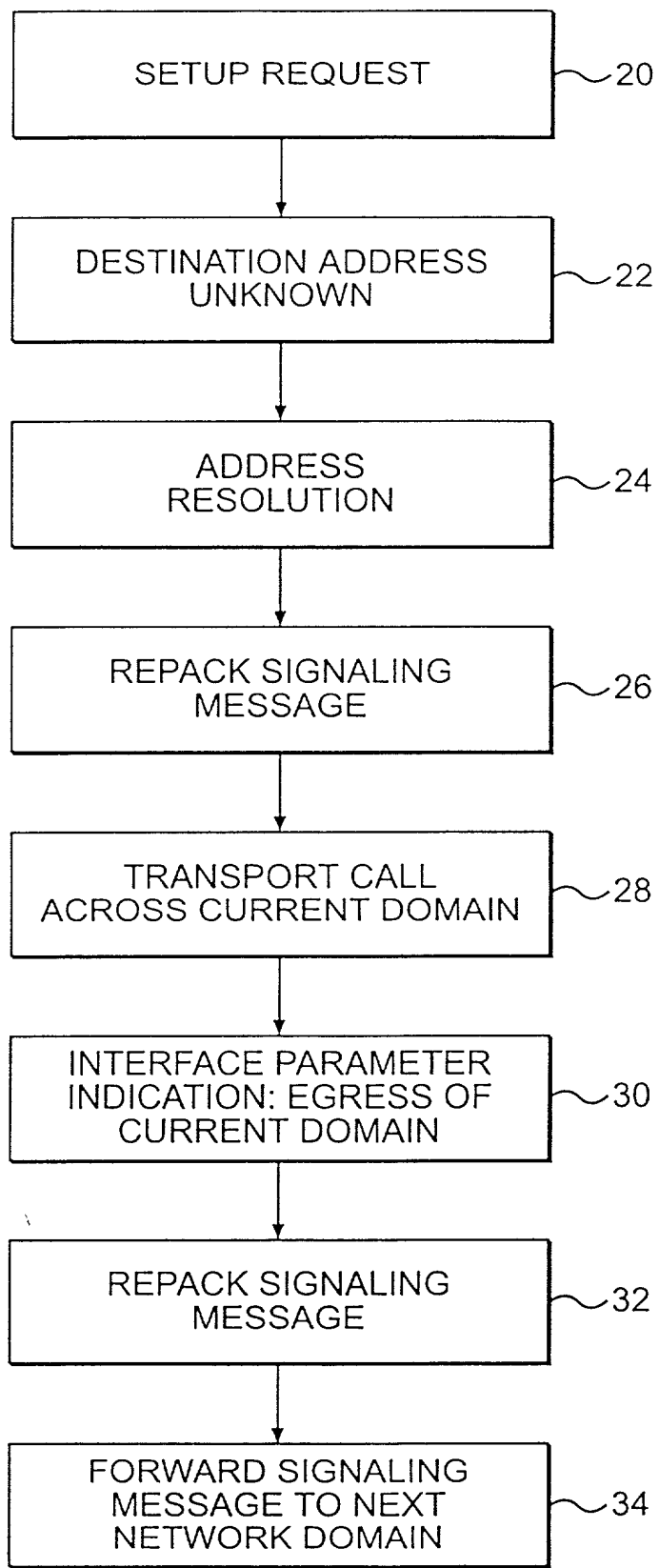


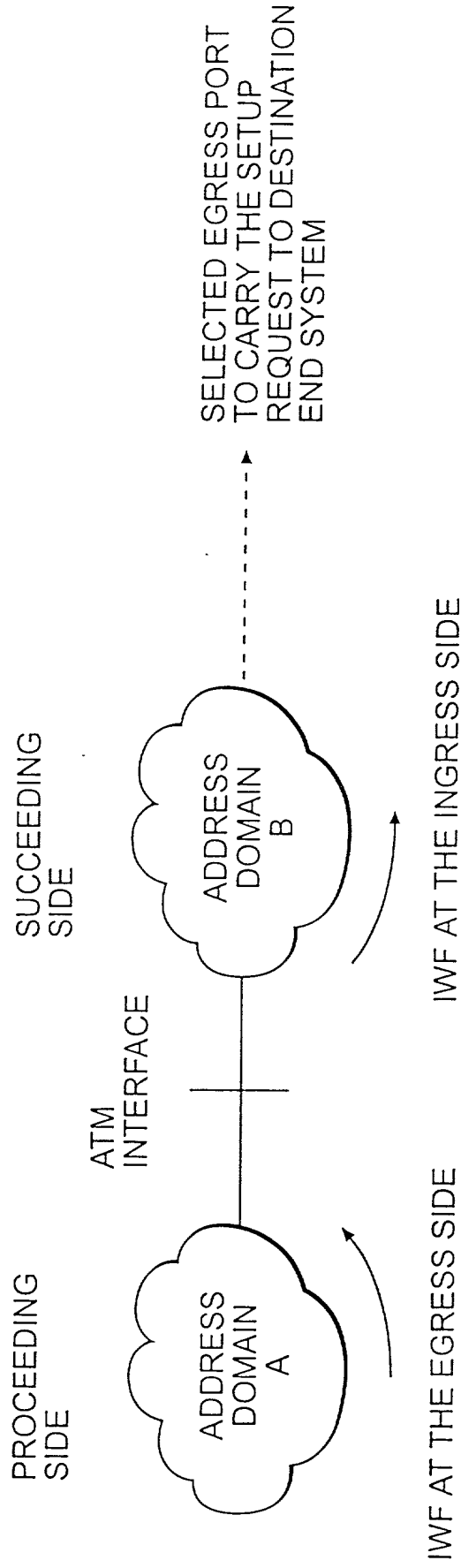
-----> ROUTING DOMAIN

ADDR.IWF (X, Y) ADDRESSING INTERWORKING FUNCTION USING ADDRESS PAIR  
 WHERE  $X$  IS THE ROUTING ADDRESS OF THE LOCAL DOMAIN  
 AND  $Y$  IS THE ADDRESS OF THE DESTINATION END SYSTEM  
 NOTE: AT THE LAST DOMAIN,  $X$  SHOULD BE EQUAL TO  $Y$ , HENCE,  
 NO INTERWORKING FUNCTION IS REQUIRED.

FIG. 1



**FIG. 2**



**FIG. 3**

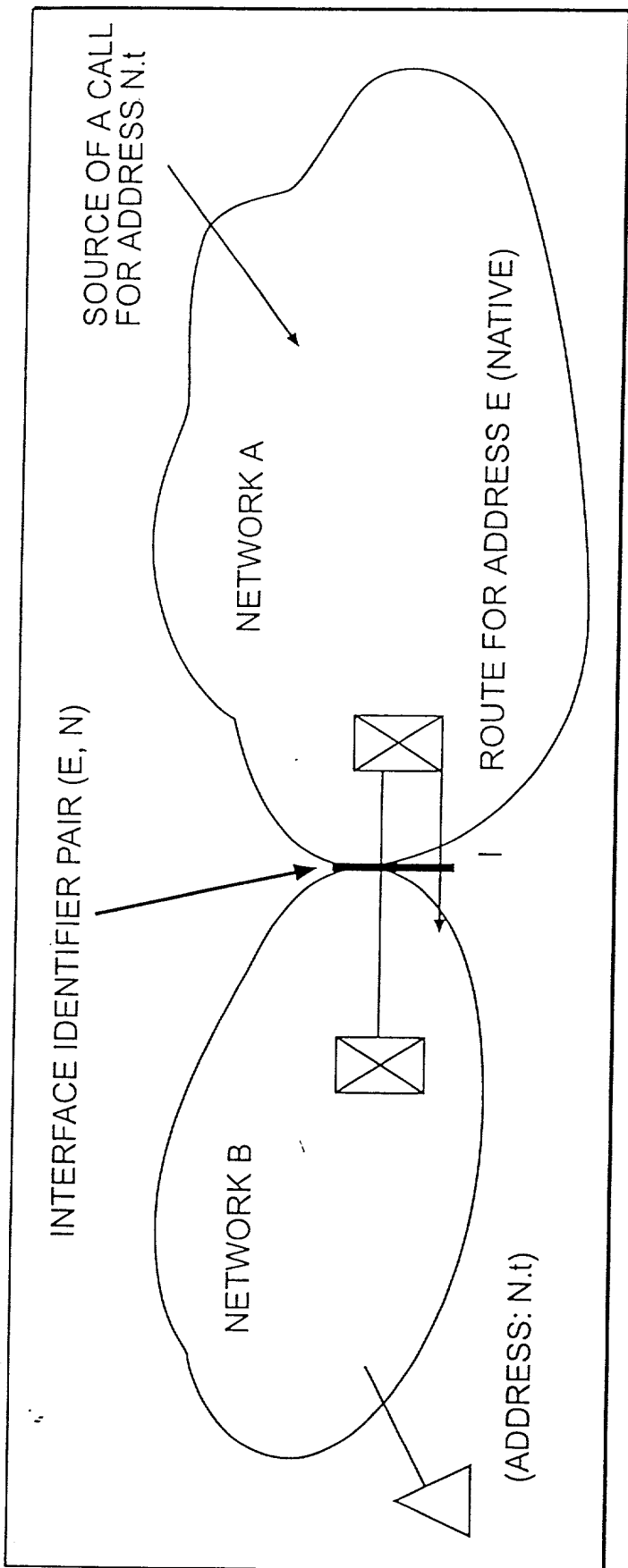


FIG. 4

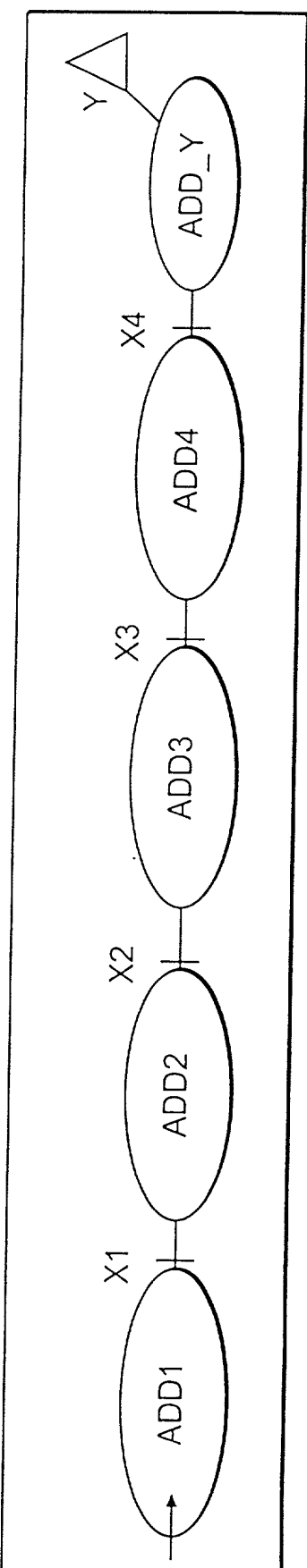


FIG. 5

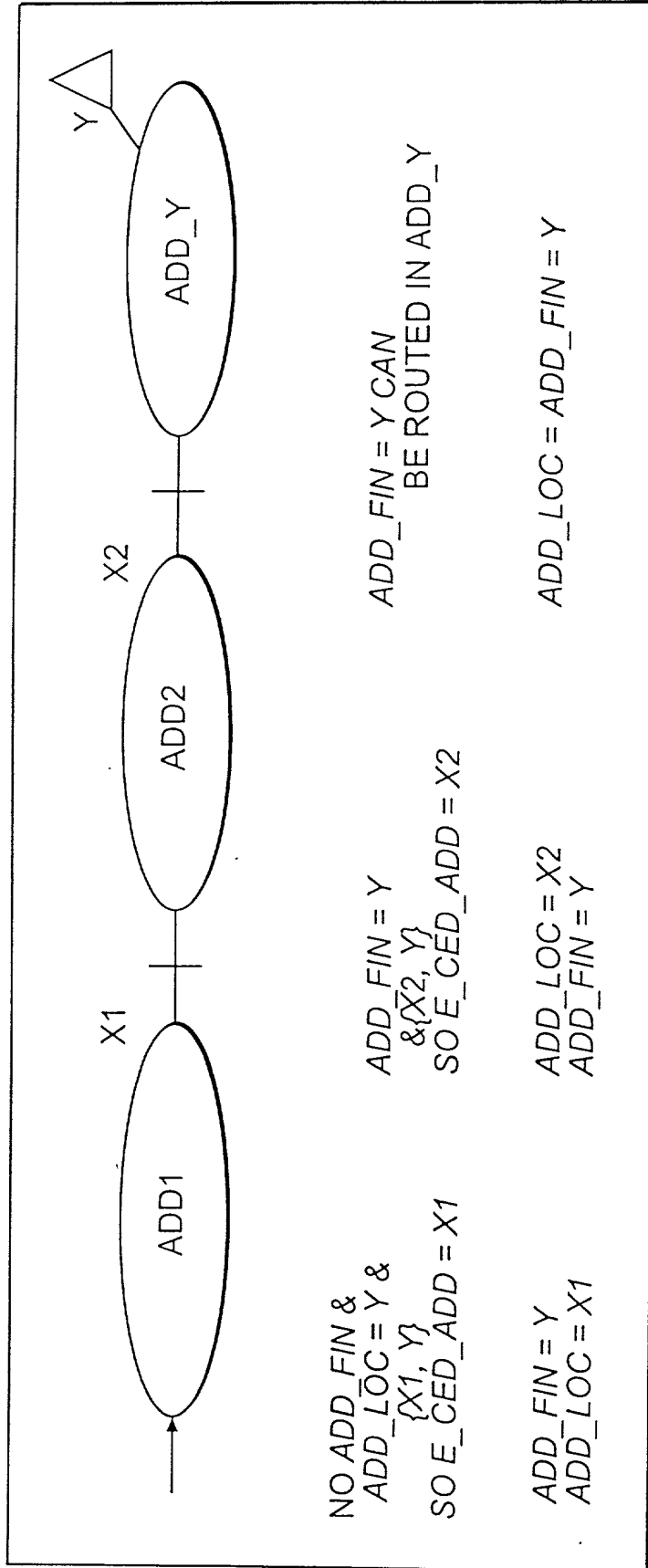
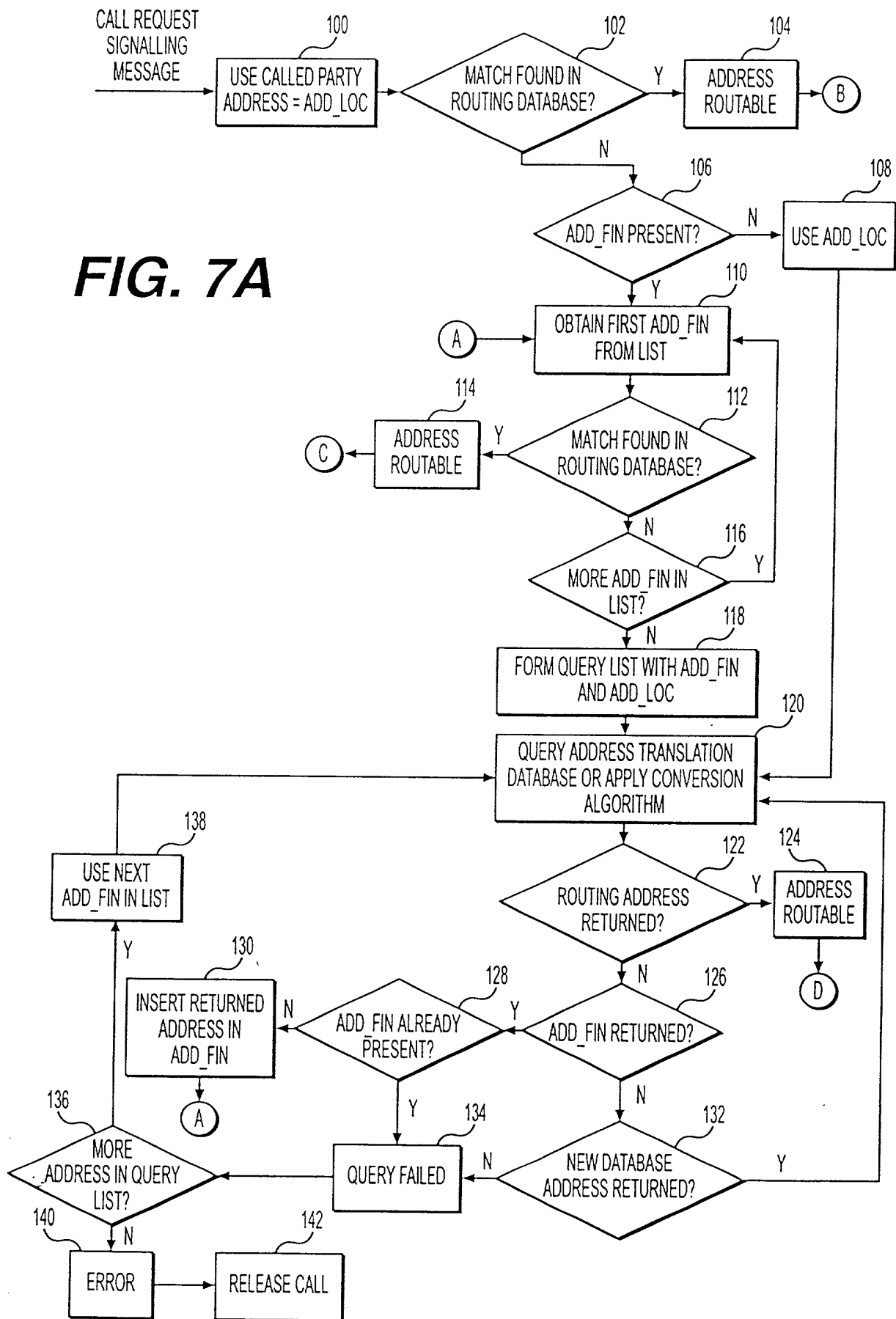
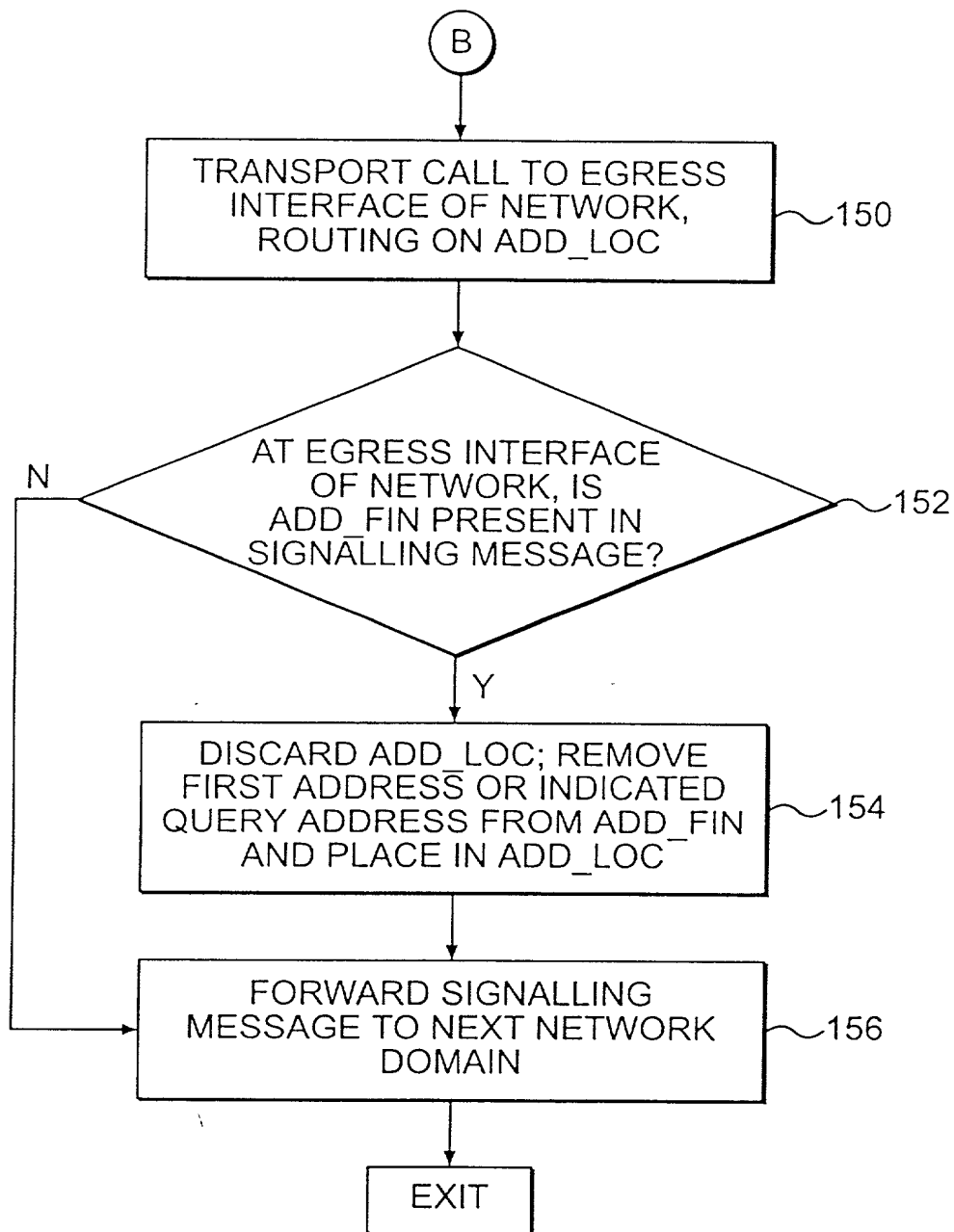
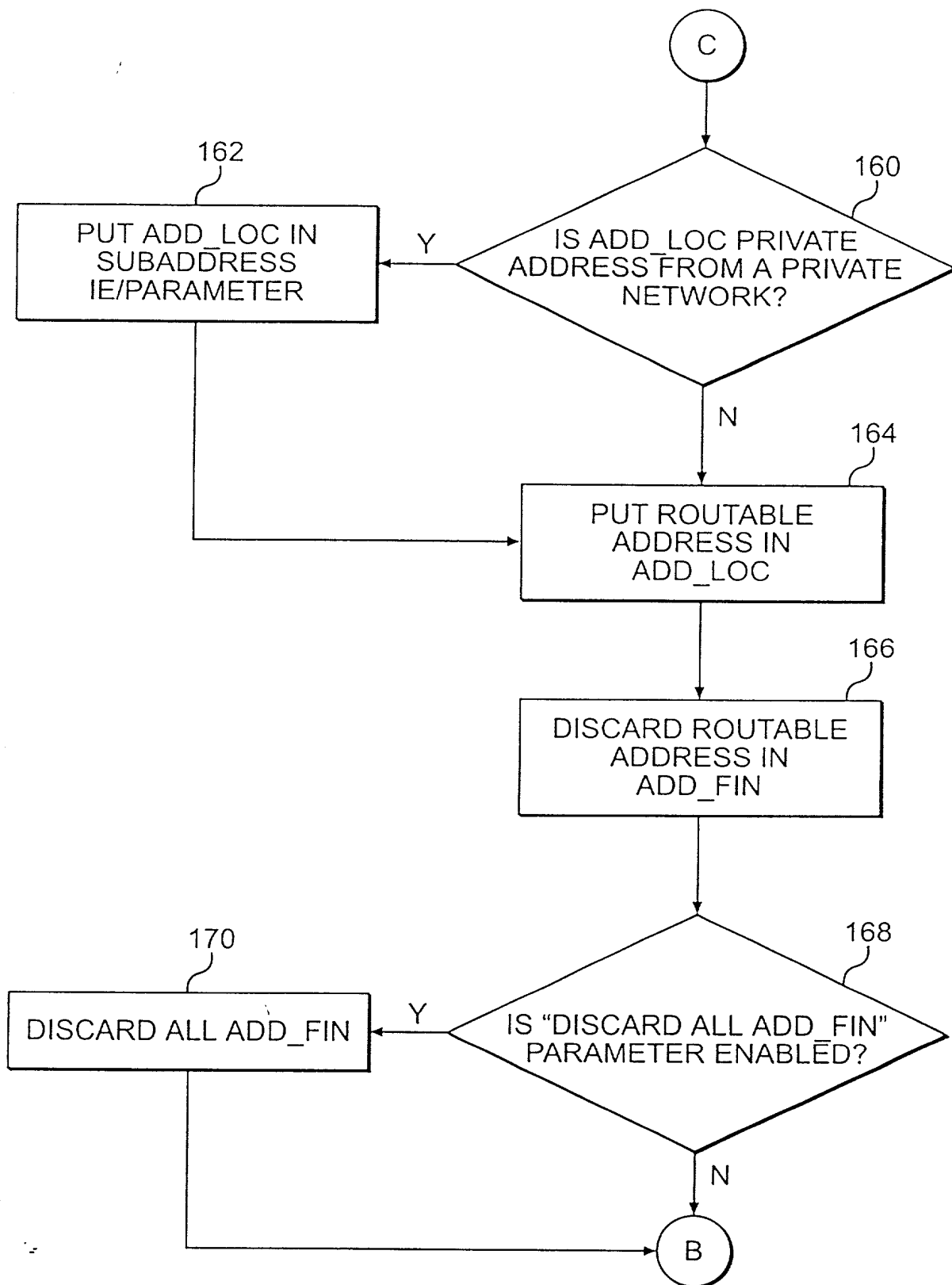


FIG. 6



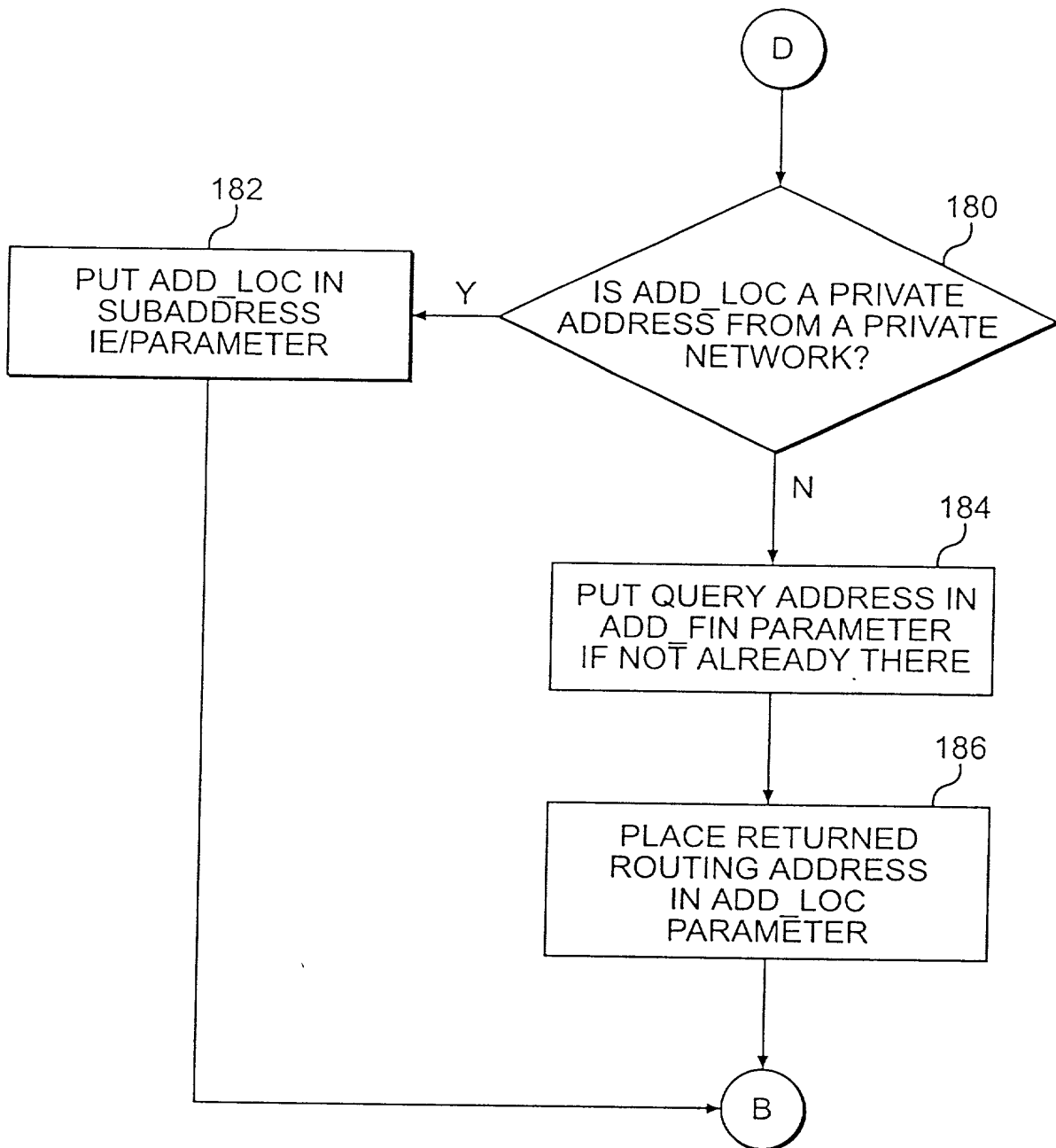


**FIG. 7B**





TOP SECRET



**FIG. 7D**

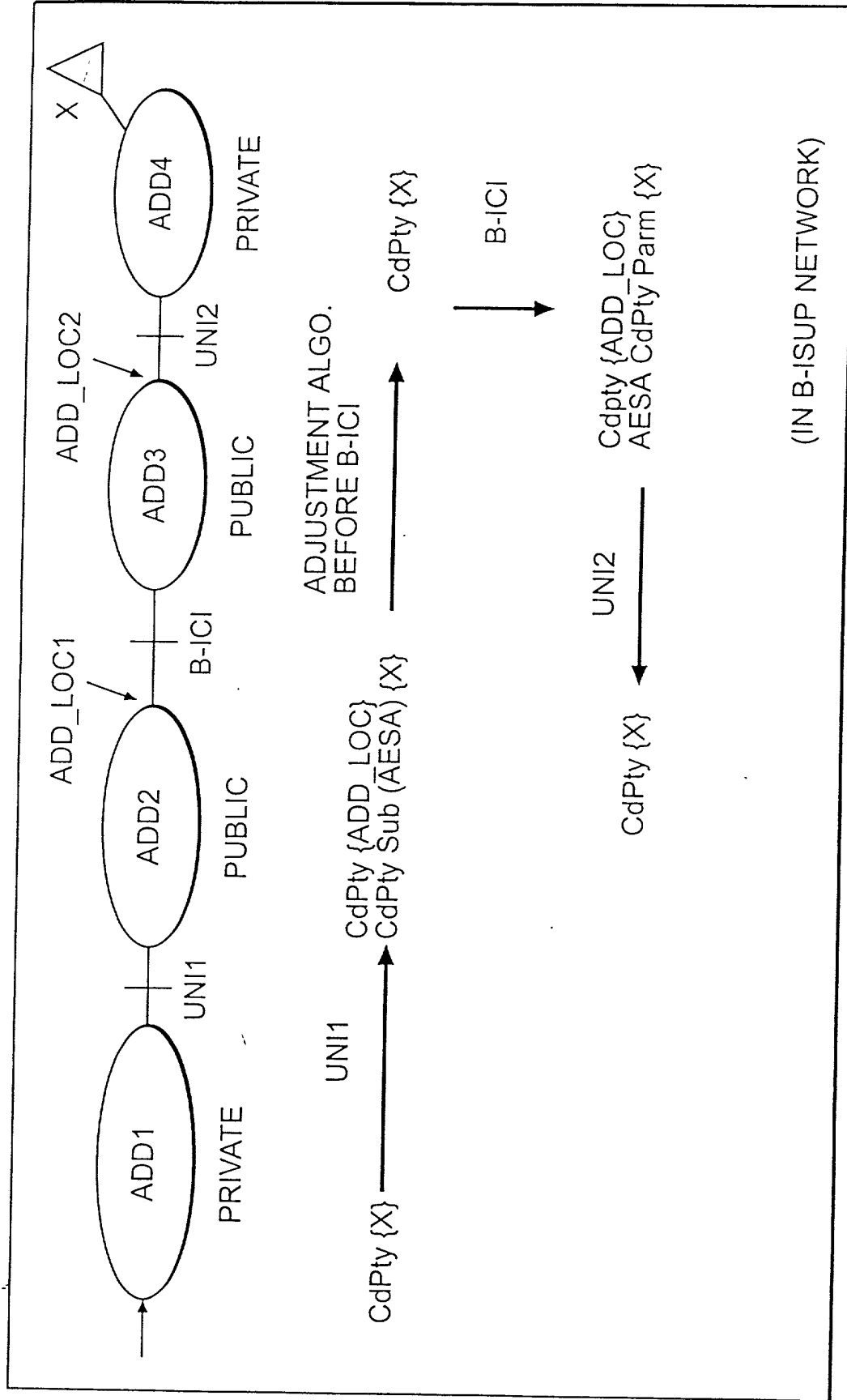


FIG. 8

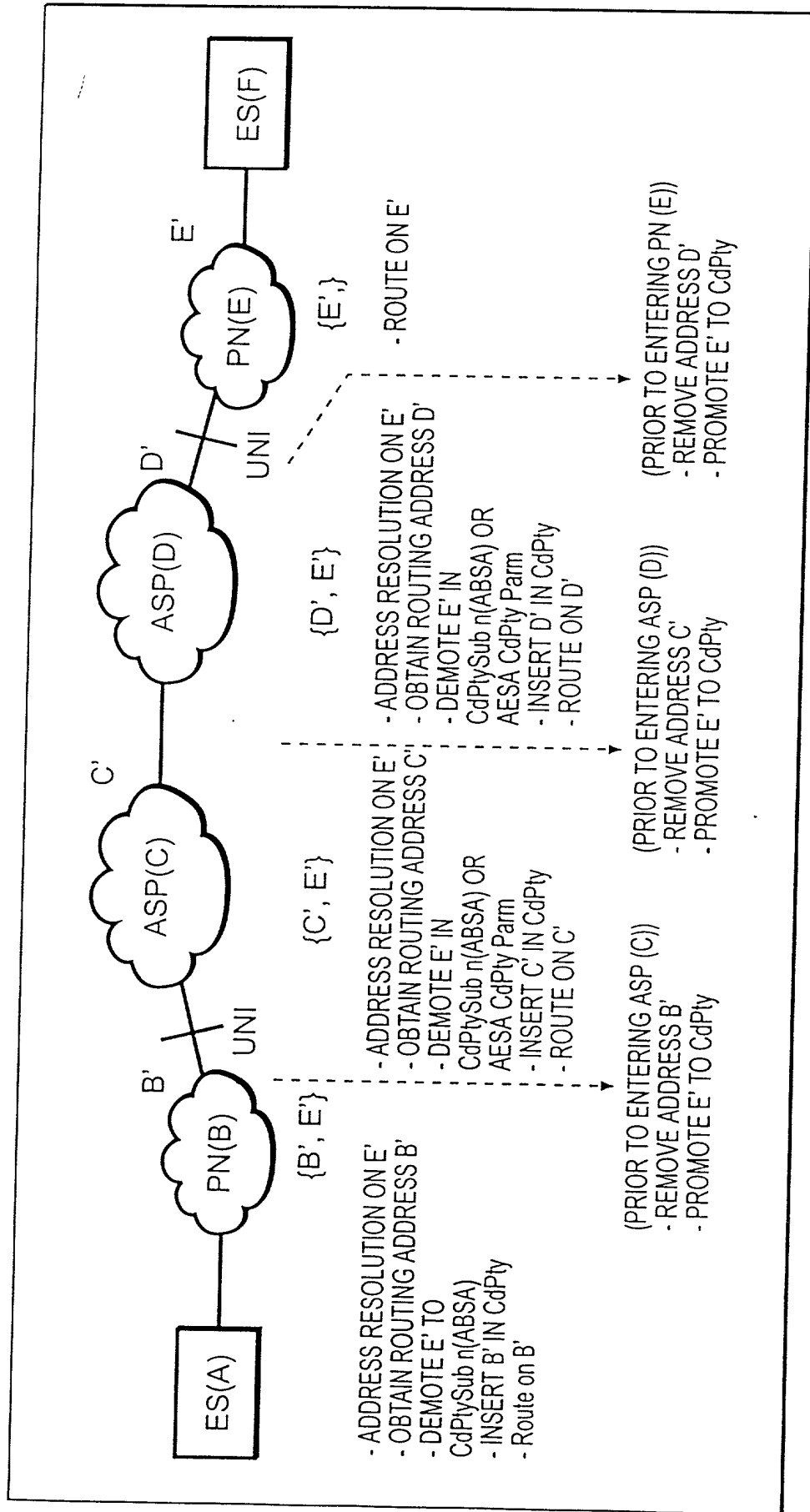


FIG. 9

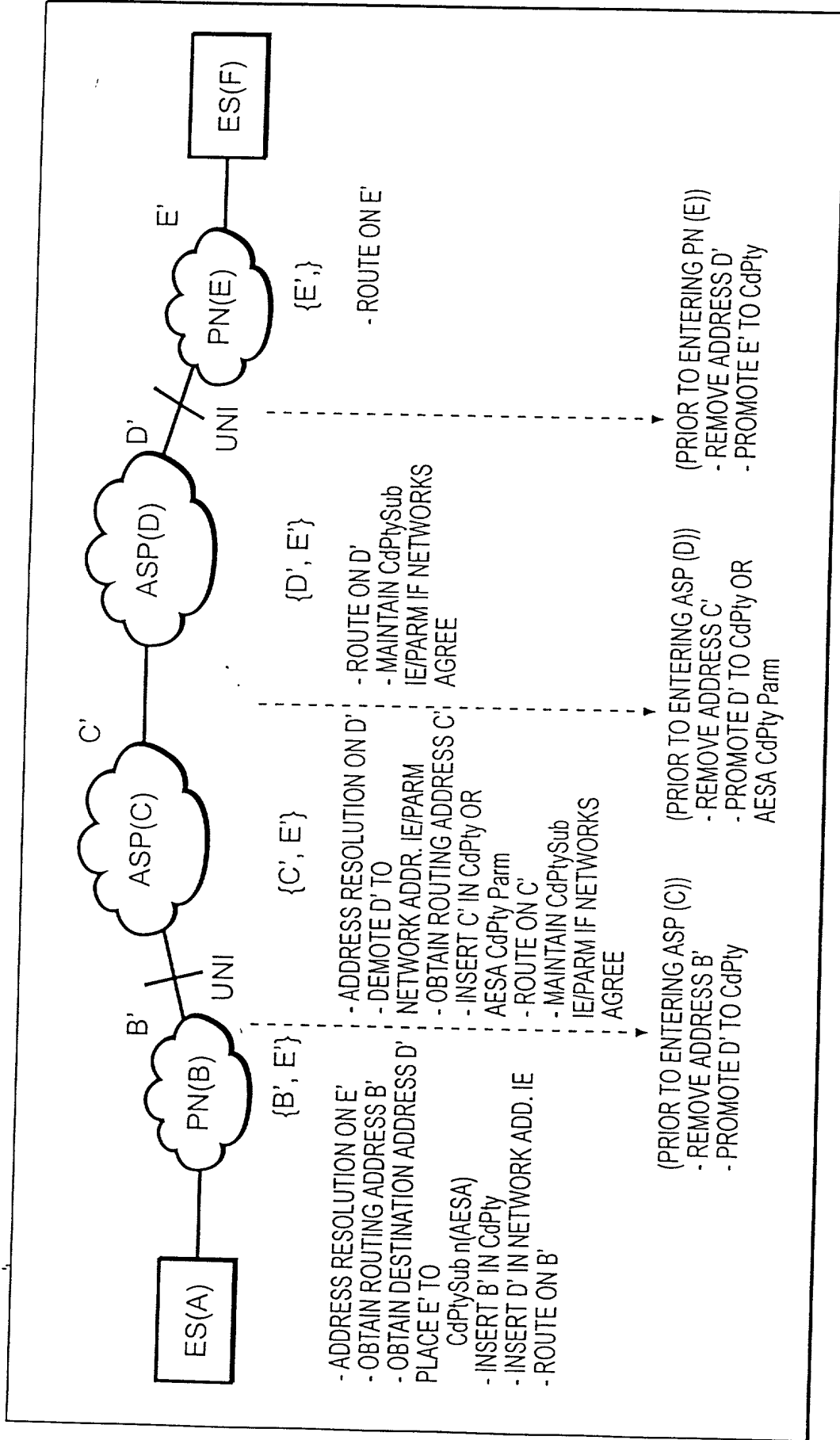
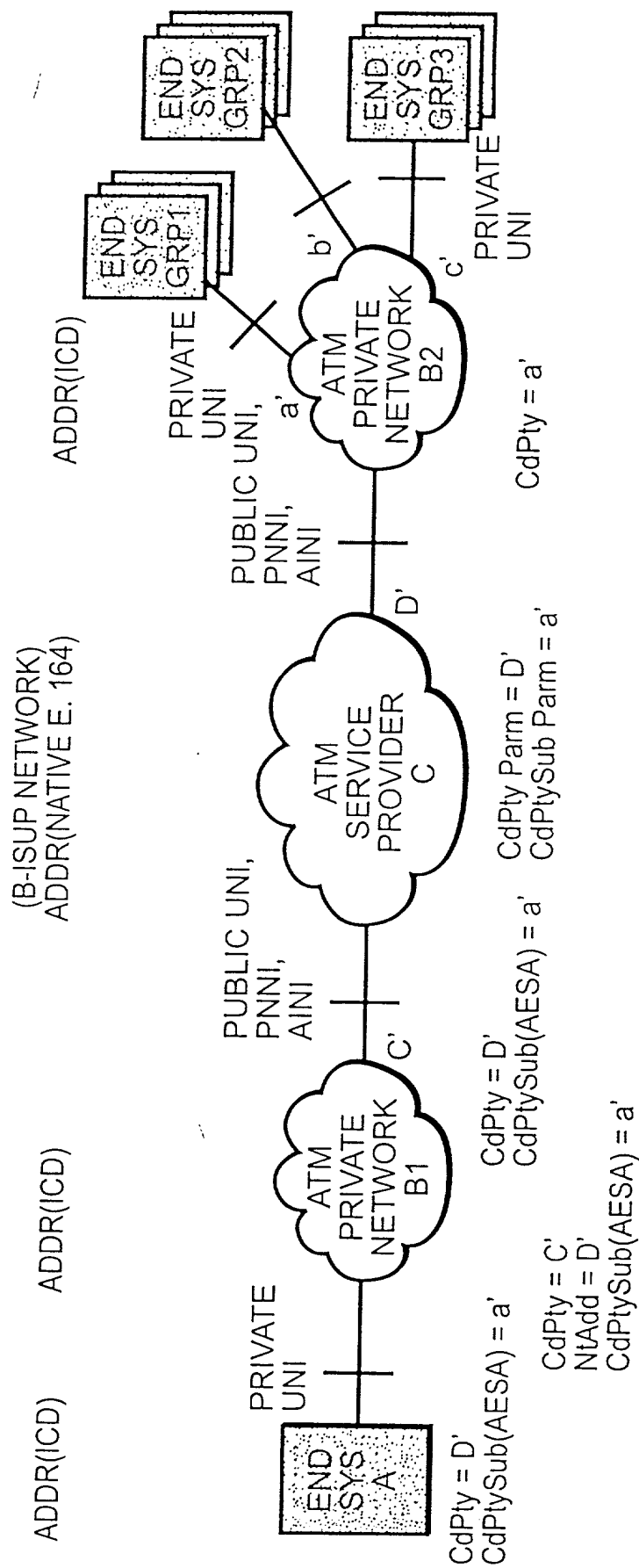


FIG. 10



NOTE: Only address D' is configured in the public network in its routing table or TDB (if it is running OD PNNI). Even when private network mover changes its address, D' does not need to be changed or reconfigured.

FIG. 11

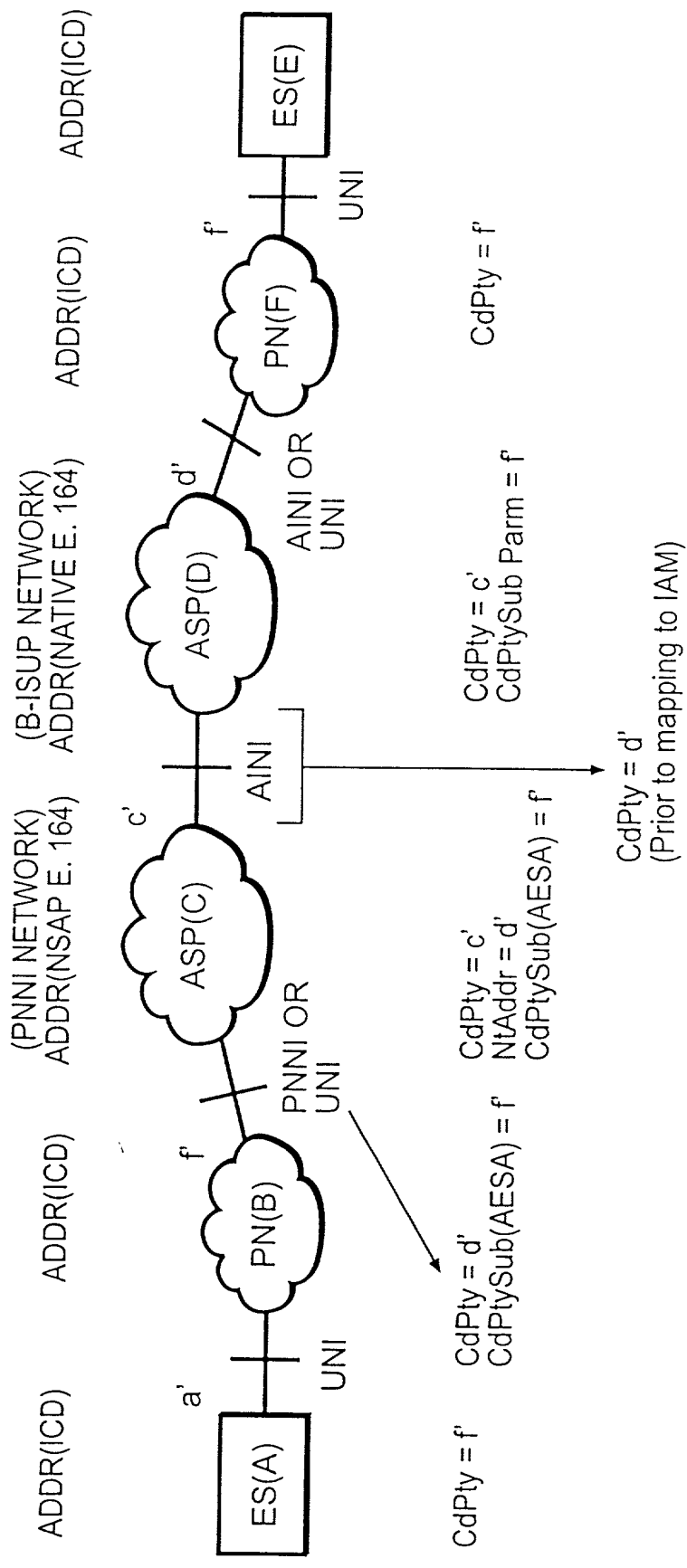
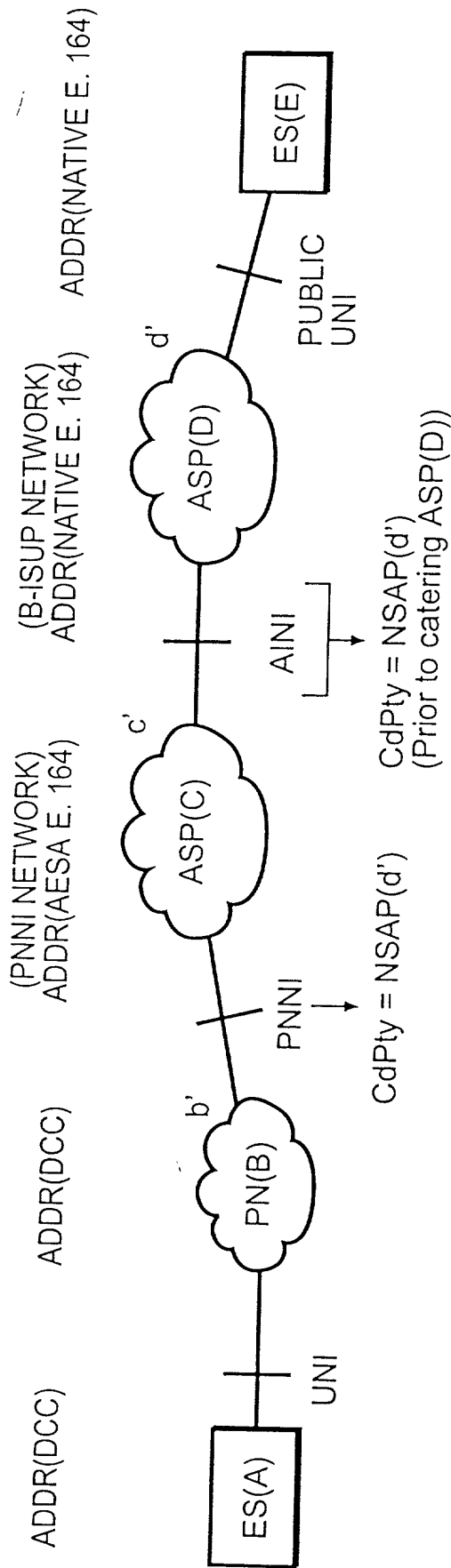


FIG. 12





NOTE: The use of the "CdPtySub AESA" here is to carry the NSAP formal E. 164 AESA with the DSP field act to zero (see UNT 4.0 Spec, guideline #9)

FIG. 14



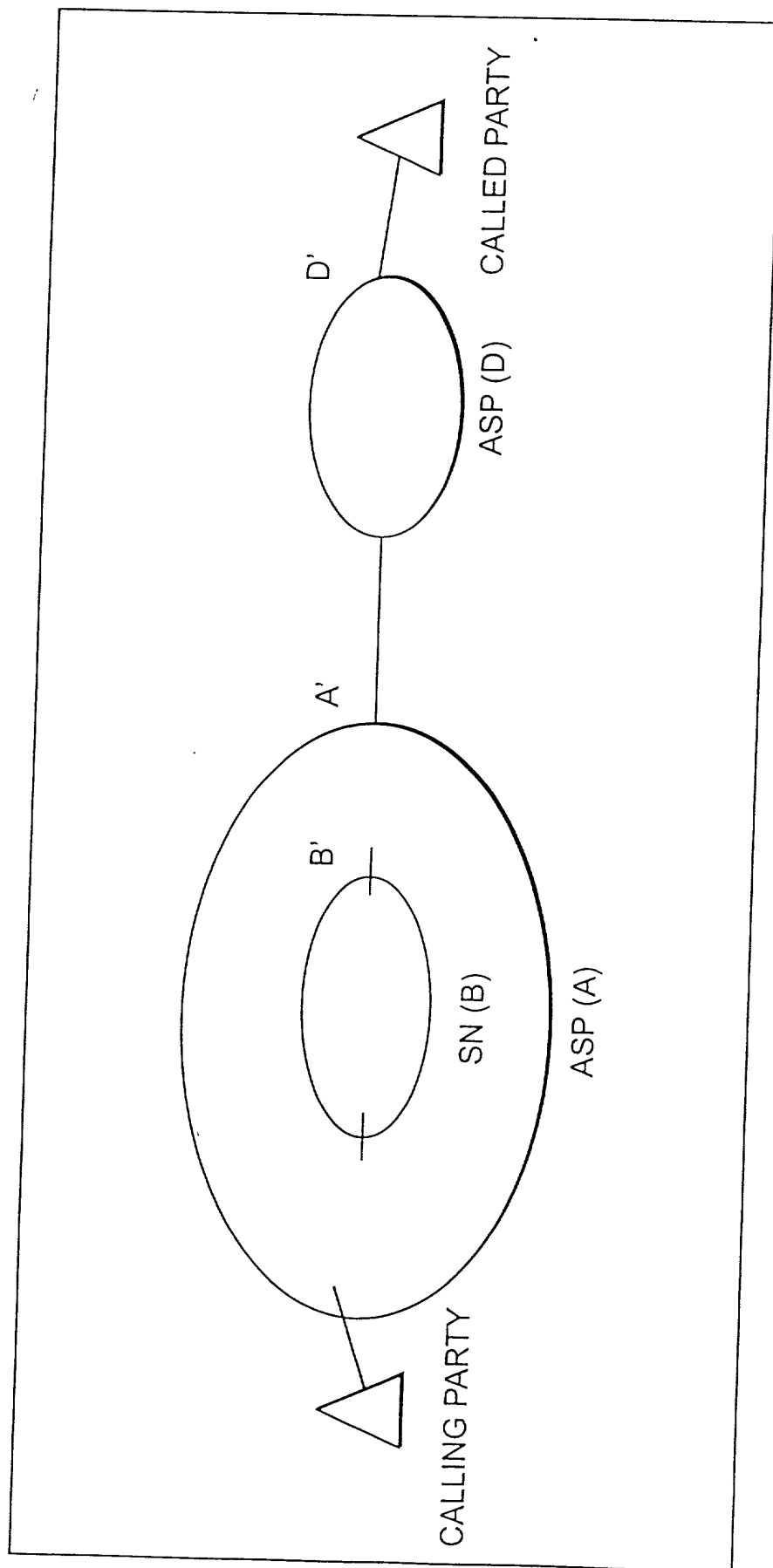


FIG. 15